

题: Let $S \in L(V, V)$ be given by $S(u_1) = u_1 - u_2$, $S(u_2) = u_1$, where $\{u_1, u_2\}$ is a basis for V . Find the matrices of S with respect to the basis $\{u_1, u_2\}$ and with respect to the new basis $\{w_1, w_2\}$ where $w_1 = 3u_1 - u_2$, $w_2 = u_1 + u_2$. Find invertible matrices X in each case such that $X^{-1}AX = B$ where A is the matrix of the transformation with respect to the old basis, and B is the matrix with respect to the new basis.

Solution:

Since $\begin{cases} S(u_1) = u_1 - u_2 \\ S(u_2) = u_1 \end{cases}$, so S is linear transformation $S = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$. $\begin{cases} w_1 = 3u_1 - u_2 \\ w_2 = u_1 + u_2 \end{cases}$,

$$\begin{cases} u_1 = \frac{1}{4}w_1 + \frac{1}{4}w_2 \\ u_2 = -\frac{1}{4}w_1 + \frac{3}{4}w_2 \end{cases}, S(w_1) = S(3u_1 - u_2) = 3S(u_1) - S(u_2) = 3(u_1 - u_2) - u_1 = 2u_1 - 3u_2 =$$

$$2\left(\frac{1}{4}w_1 + \frac{1}{4}w_2\right) - 3\left(-\frac{1}{4}w_1 + \frac{3}{4}w_2\right) = \frac{5}{4}w_1 - \frac{7}{4}w_2,$$

$$S(w_2) = S(u_1 + u_2) = 2S(u_1) + 2S(u_2) = u_1 - u_2 + u_1 = 2u_1 - u_2 = 2\left(\frac{1}{4}w_1 + \frac{1}{4}w_2\right) - \left(-\frac{1}{4}w_1 + \frac{3}{4}w_2\right) = \frac{3}{4}w_1 - \frac{1}{4}w_2$$

$\begin{cases} S(w_1) = \frac{5}{4}w_1 - \frac{7}{4}w_2 \\ S(w_2) = \frac{3}{4}w_1 - \frac{1}{4}w_2 \end{cases}$, so, the matrices of S with respect to the basis $\{w_1, w_2\}$ is

$$S_w = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{5}{4} & \frac{3}{4} \\ -\frac{7}{4} & -\frac{1}{4} \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{4} \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 3 \\ -7 & -1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

$\begin{cases} 3u_1 - u_2 = w_1 \\ u_1 + u_2 = w_2 \end{cases}$ let X is the matrix of the linear transformation from the basis $\{u_1, u_2\}$ to the

new basis $\{w_1, w_2\}$, $X = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$, $X^{-1} = \frac{1}{4} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$

$$X^{-1}SX = \frac{1}{4} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{4} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ -2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{4} \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 3 \\ -7 & -1 \end{pmatrix} = S_w.$$